

SALTORA NETAJI CENTENARY COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY U.G.HISTORY -HONOURS SEMESTER- III COURSE CODE: AHHST J05/SEC-1 SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE (SEC) ARCHIVES AND MUSEUM TOPIC

Presented by

Manohar Kumar

Assistant Professor Department of History Saltora Netaji Centenary College, Bankura Museum is an institution dedicated to displaying and preserving culturally significant objects.

Museums are buildings for which objects of significance are collected, stored, and displayed for the public. Museums show objects that are of historical, cultural, scientific, or artistic value.

"A museum is a not-for-profit, permanent institution in the service of society that researches, collects, conserves, interprets and exhibits tangible and intangible heritage. Open to the public, accessible and inclusive, museums foster diversity and sustainability. They operate and communicate ethically, professionally and with the participation of communities, offering varied experiences for education, enjoyment, reflection and knowledge sharing."

This is a new definition of MUSEUM approved on August 24th, in the framework of the 26th ICOM General

Conference held in Prague.

Source: https://icom.museum/en/news/icom-approves-a-new-museumdefinition/

Different Types of Museums

- Archaeology museums:

 Archeological artifacts
- Art museums:

Historic house museums

- Visual art pieces, like metalwork, paintings, sculptures, photographs, drawings, and illustrations etc.
- A home or building that was converted into a museum for a variety of reasons, most frequently because the occupant was significant or a significant event occurred.

Types of Museums

- History museums
- Encyclopedic museums

Living history museums

 Natural history museums

Maritime museums

- Collected objects could be documents, artifacts, archeological findings, and others.
- Typically, these establishments are sizable and provide guests with an extensive range of knowledge covering numerous subjects, both domestic and worldwide. They are neither specialized nor characterized by a theme. Displays development of civilization, archaeology, History, arts, etc. British Museum, England: Indian Museum, Kolkata etc..
- kind of museum where actors play historical roles to engross viewers and demonstrate how particular events transpired or how particular crafts were carried out
- typically feature natural objects, such as pressed plants or plush animals. In addition to teaching about environmental concerns, anthropology, zoology, oceanography, natural history, and e
- museums with a focus on maritime archaeology, history, or culture. Maritime archaeological museums are primarily used to display artifacts and preserved shipwrecks that have been found in bodies of water. The public is shown and educated about humanity's marine heritage by maritime history museums. volution. Natural History Museum, New Delhi.

Types of Museums

- Science museum
- Military and war museums

- Mobile museums
- Memorial Museum
- Site museum
- Music Museum
- Sports Museum

- Museum that collects and displays objects having scientific interest
- Museums that focus on military history typically arrange their exhibits from the perspective of a single nation and the wars in which that nation has participated. They gather and display artifacts such as uniforms, guns, decorations, and military technology.
- museums without a set location for exhibitions. They could be displayed from a car.
- Victoria Memorial
- Konark site , Orissa
- Sangeet Natak Academy, New Delhi.
- Related to sports

Types of Museums

- National Museum, Regional Museum
- Planetarium, Eco Museum, Anthropology Museum, Air and Space Museum, Children's Museum, Rural Museum, Agriculture Museum, Costume Museum, Theatre Museum, Personalia Museum etc.

Sources:

https://icom.museum/en/news/icom-approves-a-new-museumdefinition/

<u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Museum</u> http://www.historyofmuseums.com/museum-facts/types-of-museum

Thank You