



### What is it about?

- Based on the life of Alfonso II, Duke of Fer reira, Italy
- The Duke's first wife died in 1561 after 3 y ears of marriage
- We learn about the Duke by what he says about her and how he says it
- We also learn about their relationship; wha t was expected; how she responded

## Subject

- The speaker (the Duke of Ferrara) talks to the representative of a Count whose daughter he wishes to marry.
- He shows this man a portrait of his previous wife. The portrait is usually kept behind a curtain.
- He describes what his "last duchess" was like.

The Duke of Ferrara was a real person.

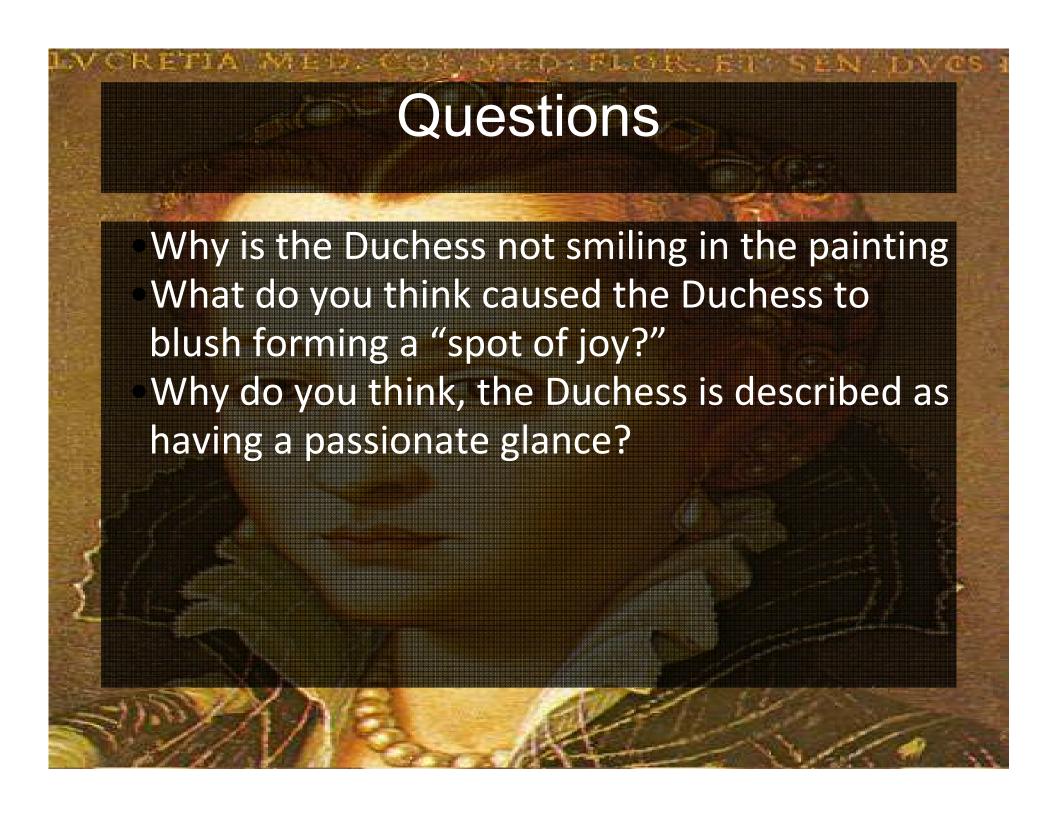
He was Duke of Ferrara (in Italy) from 1559 to 1597.

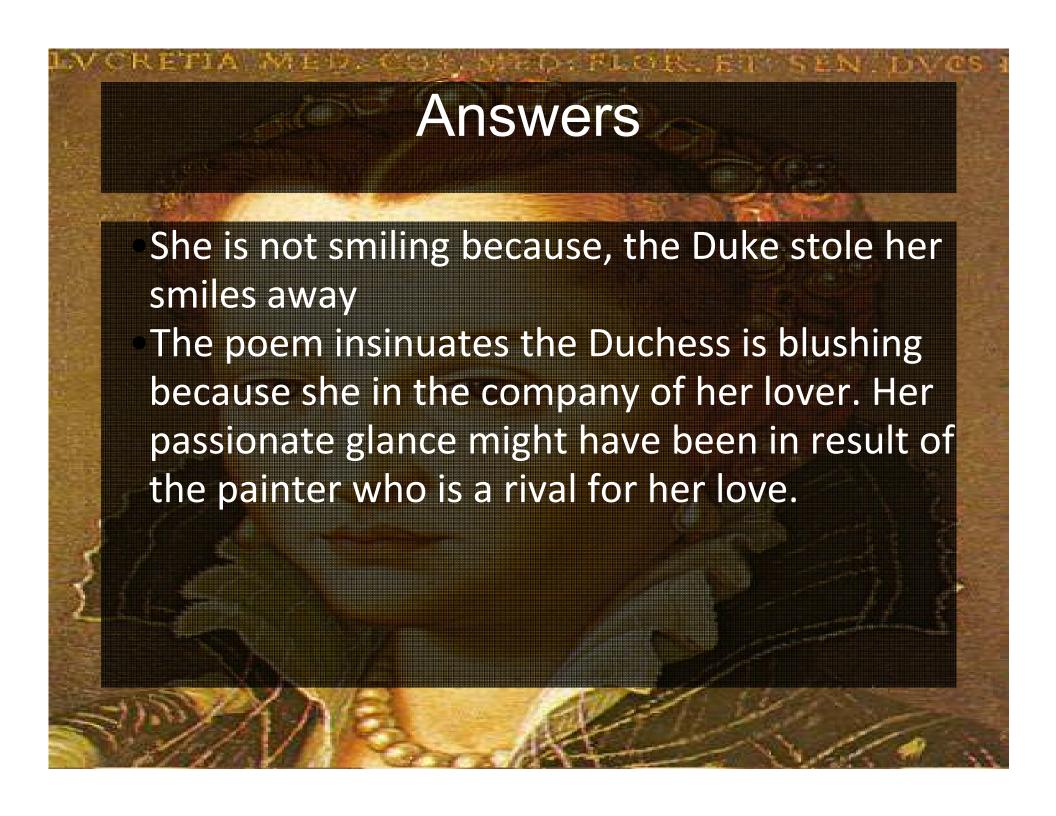
He was married three times and his first wife's death was treated suspiciously – poisoning

## **Important points**

- The Duke is possessive he chooses who does or does not see the Duchess – something he could ld not achieve when she was alive.
- The Duke actually sees women as possessions

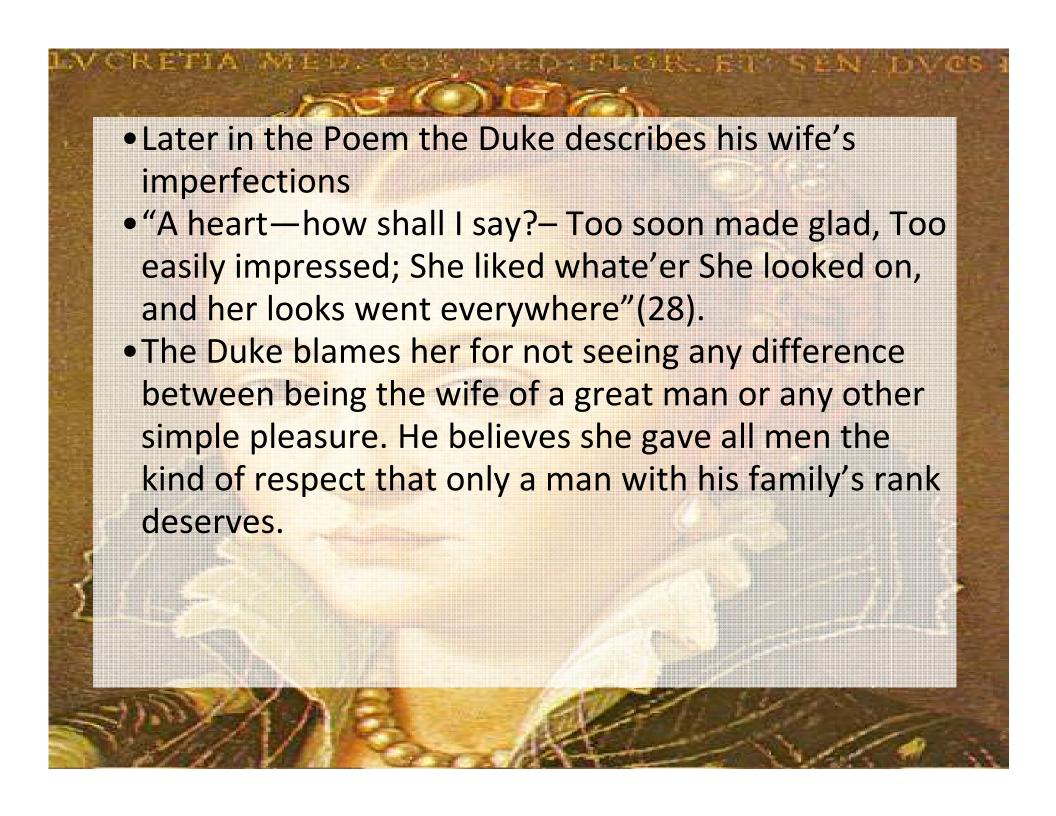
   this is highlighted when he refers to the sculpture of Neptune which "Claus of Insbruck cast in bronze for me." He also tells the messenger that "beauty is my object."
- The Duke did not tell the Duchess that he was displeased with her behaviour he thinks that he would have been "stooping" or lowering his standards.

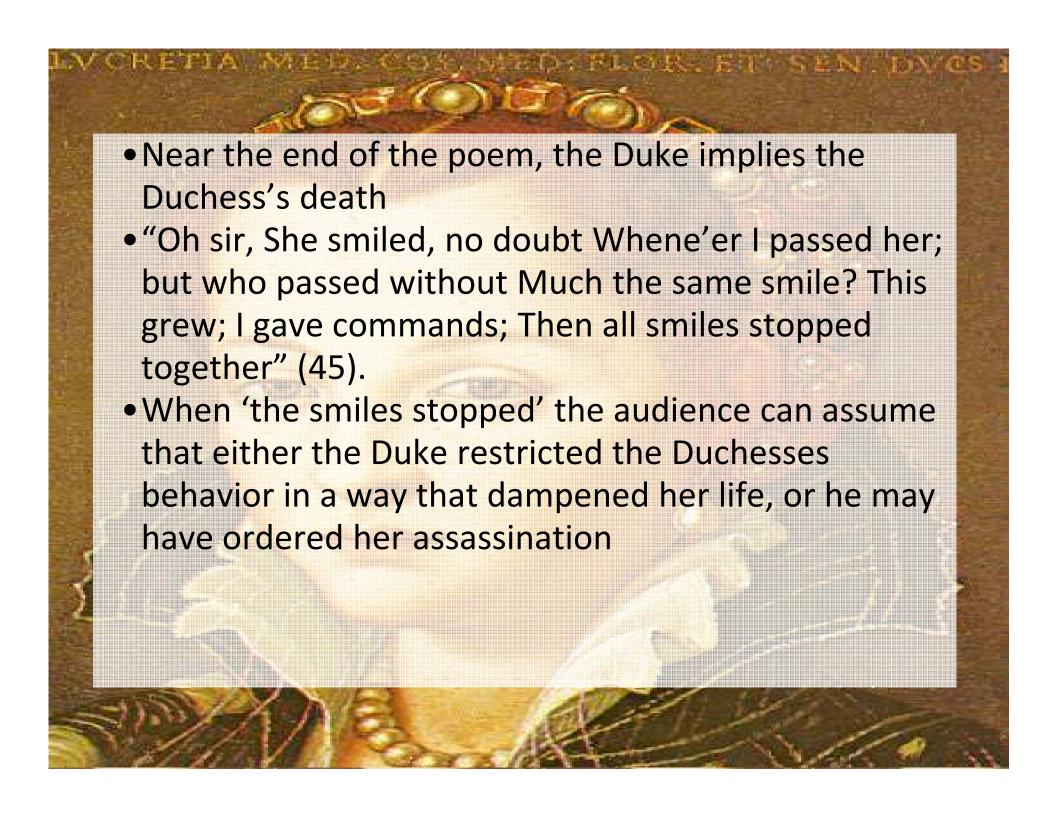




# Analysis of "My last Duchess"

- At the beginning of the poem when the Duke is first introducing the painting he states: "Strangers like you that pictured countenance, the depth and passion of its earnest glance" (7).
- By the Duke referring to the painting as, it, it is implied that the Duke has developed more of a relationship with the painting, than the woman this painting represents.





**Dramatic monologue** The Duke is very possessive My Last Duchess An imaginary art That's my last Duchess painted on the wall, ist, name droppi Looking as if she were alive. I call ng: everything h That piece a wonder, now: Fra Pandolf's hands as monetary va Worked busily a day, and there she stands. Will 't please you to sit and look at her? I said "Fra Pandolf" by design, for never read Strangers like you that pictured countenance, le likes be The depth and passion of its earnest glance, autiful thin There is a reason for But to my self they turned (since none puts by drawing the curtain, it's so the person ca The curtain I have drawn for you, but I) n see his prized pos And seemed as they would ask me, if they durst, session How such a glance came there; so, not the first Are you to turn and ask thus. Sir, 't was not Her husband's presence only, called that spot Of joy into the Duchess' cheek: perhaps

#### LV CREPIA MED. COS. MED. PLOB. ET SEN. DVCS

Over my lady's wrist too much," or "Paint
Must never hope to reproduce the faint
Half-flush that dies along her throat:" such stuff
Was courtesy, she thought, and eause enough
For calling up that spot of joy. She had
A heart--how shall I say?--too soon made glad,

She was a modest person who got e mbarrassed by compliments

Her only crim
e was enjoyin
g life and not
respecting his
rank/title

Too easily impressed: she liked whate'er
She looked on, and her looks went everywhere.
Sir, 't was all one! My favor at her breast,
The bough of cherries some officious fool
Broke in the orchard for her, the white mule
She rode with round the terrace--all and each
Would draw from her alike the approving speech,

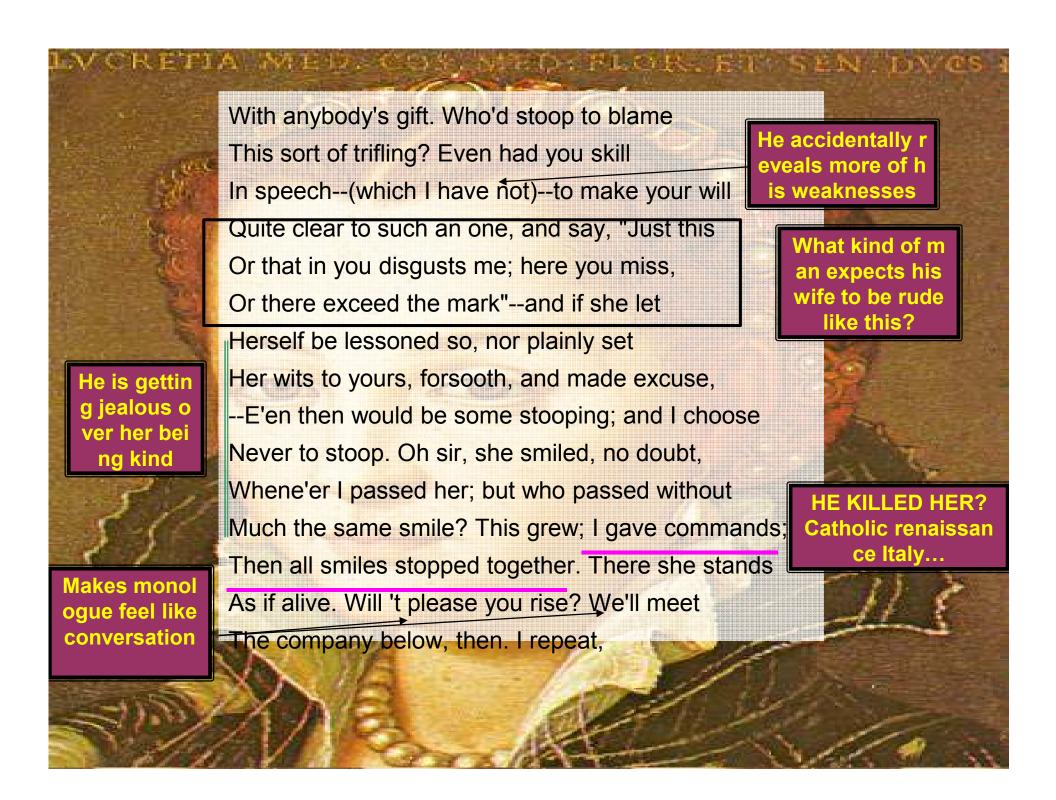
The Duke's jealo usy; he starts to reveal more than he planned

His only pride i s in his wealthy family name

Somehow,--I know not how--as if she ranked My gift of a nine-hundred-years-old name

Or blush, at least. She thanked men,--good! but thanked

Contrast: genuine roma nce or a posh title, he e xpects her to value the l atter more



#### The Count your master's known munificence He is talking to an e missary of his futur Is ample warrant that no just pretence Money for ma e wife's father Of mine for dowry will be disallowed; rrying his da ughter Though his fair daughter's self, as I avowed At starting, is my object. Nay, we'll go And a beautif l ogetner down, sir. Notice Neptune, though, ul wife to bo ot Taming a sea-horse, thought a rarity, Which Claus of Innsbruck cast in bronze for me!

Robert Browning (1812-1889)

The Duke doesn't realise how much of himself he has given away in his criticism of his former wife

He returns to material th ings; all his money and power will never buy him love though

young woman's "faults" were qualities like compassion, modesty, humility, delight in simple pleasures, and courtesy to those who served her.

### Common Themes

- Pride- throughout the poem it is understood that in this hierarchial society- people can be seen as objects which can be bought and owned.
- •Art- Twice in this poem art is mentioned: the picture itself, and the statue of Neptune taming the see horses.

# **Key Questions**

- 1. Find clues about how the Duke feels about the picture of his last Duchess.
- 2. Find clues which tell you about the personality of the woman.
- 3. How did the Duke feel about her behaviour?
- 4. What might have happened to her?
- 5. What does the Duke say about how people react to the portrait?
- 6. Why do you think Browning used enjambement in this poem wh at effect did he try to achieve?
- 7. What impression do we get of the character of the Duke?
- 8. Themes: What are the key themes here?
- 9. How can this poem be linked to other poems you have looked at s o far?

